



**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEARS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2022 and 2021

*(Expressed in Canadian dollars)*

2022

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of  
Voyager Metals Inc.:

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Voyager Metals Inc. (the "Company"), which comprise the statements of financial position as at February 28, 2022 and 2021, and the statements of loss and comprehensive loss, cash flows and changes in equity for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at February 28, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss of \$2,379,711 during the year ended February 28, 2022 and as of that date had a working capital deficiency of \$3,086,582 and an accumulated deficit of \$11,936,166. As stated in Note 2, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

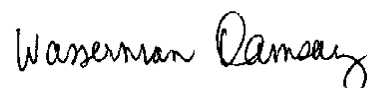
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Kevin Ramsay.



Markham, Ontario  
June 24, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants  
Licensed Public Accountants

# VOYAGER METALS INC.

## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(In Canadian dollars)

As at,	Note	February 28, 2022	February 28, 2021
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	\$ 991,787	\$ 281,880
Restricted cash	7	-	474,361
Receivables and other	8	296,116	153,162
Investment in marketable securities	9	190,223	-
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>1,478,126</b>	<b>909,403</b>
<b>Non-current</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	10	561,855	1,610
Exploration and evaluation assets	11	8,445,331	3,859,574
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>10,485,312</b>	<b>4,770,587</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12	1,164,905	403,659
Lease obligations	13	112,217	-
Debentures	14	3,191,422	-
Debenture interest payable	14	96,164	-
Flow-through share premium	15	-	211,000
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>4,564,708</b>	<b>614,659</b>
<b>Non-current</b>			
Lease obligations	13	414,605	-
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>414,605</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
Capital stock, issued and outstanding	15	13,167,127	10,873,975
Reserves		4,275,038	2,838,408
Accumulated deficit		(11,936,166)	(9,556,455)
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>5,505,999</b>	<b>4,155,928</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>		<b>\$ 10,485,312</b>	<b>\$ 4,770,587</b>

Going Concern (see note 2) and commitments and contingencies (see note 22)

### APPROVED AND AUTHORIZED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

/s/ Cliff Hale-Sanders

President and CEO

/s/ Alonso Sotomayor

Chief Financial Officer

Accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

**VOYAGER METALS INC.****STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**  
(In Canadian dollars)

		<b>Year ended February 28,</b>	
	<b>Note</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b>General and administrative expenses</b>			
Advertising and promotion		\$ 480,524	\$ -
Professional and consulting fees		535,619	52,708
Management fees	17	549,867	294,232
Office and miscellaneous		195,986	179,950
Write-down on mineral property		-	-
Depreciation	10	26,463	6,440
Foreign exchange loss		175	159
Share-based payments	15	318,500	180,000
<b>Loss before other expense</b>		<b>2,107,134</b>	<b>713,489</b>
<b>Other expense</b>			
Finance Expense	16	926,828	-
Adjustment of FVTPL financial instruments to market		27,337	-
Deferred income tax recovery	18	(681,588)	(317,453)
<b>Loss and comprehensive loss for the period</b>		<b>\$(2,379,711)</b>	<b>\$ (396,036)</b>
<b>Basic and diluted loss per share</b>		<b>(0.027)</b>	<b>(0.006)</b>
<b>Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted</b>		<b>89,076,317</b>	<b>70,997,530</b>

Accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

## VOYAGER METALS INC.

### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Canadian dollars)

	Note	Year Ended February 28,	
		2022	2021
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net loss for the period		\$ (2,379,711)	\$ (396,036)
Add (deduct) the following items			
Depreciation	10	26,463	6,440
Accretion expense	16	634,061	-
Change in fair value of marketable securities	9	27,337	-
Share-based payments	15	318,500	180,000
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital		(1,373,350)	(209,596)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			
Receivables and other	8	(142,954)	(118,878)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12	69,483	246,497
Debenture interest payable	14	96,164	-
Flow-through share premium	15	(681,588)	(317,453)
<b>Cash flows (used in) provided by operating activities</b>		<b>\$ (2,032,245)</b>	<b>\$ (399,430)</b>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Investment in marketable securities	9	(217,560)	-
Expenditures in exploration and evaluation assets	11	(3,538,994)	(858,549)
Claims acquisition paid	11	(250,000)	-
Repayment of liability right of use asset	10	(59,886)	-
<b>Cash flows used in investing activities</b>		<b>\$ (4,066,440)</b>	<b>\$ (858,549)</b>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Exercise of options for cash	15	365,375	30,000
Exercise of warrants for cash	15	496,296	208,473
Proceeds from flow-through shares (net)	15	1,845,560	-
Proceeds from non-convertible debentures	14	3,627,000	-
Issuance of common shares for cash (net)	15	-	1,519,301
<b>Cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities</b>		<b>\$ 6,334,231</b>	<b>\$ 1,757,774</b>
<b>Change in cash during the period</b>		<b>235,546</b>	<b>499,795</b>
<b>Cash, beginning of period</b>		<b>756,241</b>	<b>256,446</b>
<b>Cash, end of period</b>		<b>\$ 991,787</b>	<b>\$ 756,241</b>
Cash and cash equivalents		991,787	281,880
Restricted cash		-	474,361
<b>Cash, end of the period</b>		<b>991,787</b>	<b>756,241</b>

Accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

## VOYAGER METALS INC.

### STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

(In Canadian dollars)

	Note	Number of shares	Issued Share Capital	Reserves	Accumulated Deficit	Total
<b>Balance - February 29, 2020</b>		<b>65,126,757</b>	<b>\$ 9,852,092</b>	<b>\$ 2,402,517</b>	<b>\$ (9,160,419)</b>	<b>\$ 3,094,190</b>
Private placement	15	10,590,000	\$ 1,539,000	\$ 311,790	\$ -	\$ 1,850,790
Share issue costs	15	-	(331,489)	-	-	(331,489)
Flow-through share premium	15	-	(480,000)	-	-	(480,000)
Warrants exercised	15	2,039,429	255,710	(47,237)	-	208,473
Stock options issued	15	-	-	180,000	-	180,000
Stock options exercised	15	300,000	38,662	(8,662)	-	30,000
Loss for the period		-	-	-	(396,036)	(396,036)
<b>Balance - February 28, 2021</b>		<b>78,056,186</b>	<b>10,873,975</b>	<b>2,838,408</b>	<b>(9,556,455)</b>	<b>4,155,928</b>
Private placement	15	4,705,880	\$ 1,999,999	\$ 255,624	\$ -	\$ 2,255,623
Share issue costs	15	-	(445,074)	-	-	(445,074)
Finder warrants	15	-	-	35,012	-	35,012
Flow-through share premium	15	-	(470,588)	-	-	(470,588)
Warrants exercised	15	4,389,071	589,662	(93,367)	-	496,295
Debenture warrants	14, 15	-	-	884,554	-	884,554
Debenture Finder warrants	14, 15	-	-	185,085	-	185,085
Stock options issued	15	-	-	318,500	-	318,500
Stock options exercised	15	3,225,000	514,153	(148,778)	-	365,375
Shares issued for claims acquisition	11	500,000	105,000	-	-	105,000
Loss for the period		-	-	-	(2,379,711)	(2,379,711)
<b>Balance - February 28, 2022</b>		<b>90,876,137</b>	<b>\$ 13,167,127</b>	<b>\$ 4,275,038</b>	<b>\$ (11,936,166)</b>	<b>\$ 5,505,999</b>

Accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

**VOYAGER METALS INC.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For the Years Ended February 28, 2022 and 2021**  
**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

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**1. General information and nature of operations**

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Voyager Metals Inc. (“**Voyager Metals**” or the “**Company**”) was incorporated on February 27, 2007 pursuant to the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) and was classified as engaged in the exploration of its properties for base metals and precious metals in Canada. All mineral property interests held are currently in the exploration stage.

The Company listed its common shares on the TSX Venture Exchange for trading upon the completion of its initial public offering (“IPO”) as disclosed in a prospectus filed with the regulators and dated May 25, 2007. On October 18, 2021, the Company changed its name from Vanadium One Iron Corp. to Voyager Metals Inc. The Company’s shares are listed under the symbol VONE on the TSX Venture Exchange.

These financial statements of the Company were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on June 24, 2022.

**2. Going concern disclosure**

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The Company’s principal assets are mining claims and deferred exploration costs relating to properties which are not in commercial projects. The Company is in the process of exploring its mining claims and has not yet determined whether or not the properties will contain economically recoverable reserves.

Voyager Metals is not currently generating any revenue from its operations and for the year ended February 22, 2022, the Company recorded a net comprehensive loss of \$2,379,711 (February 28, 2021 - \$396,036) and an accumulated deficit of \$11,936,166 (February 28, 2021 - \$9,556,455). Its ability to continue as a going concern is uncertain and is dependent upon its ability to fund its working capital, complete the development of its exploration projects, and eventually to generate positive cash flows from operations. Management plans to explore all alternatives possible, including joint ventures, debt and equity financings, and merger opportunities. Even if the Company has been successful in the past in doing so, there can be no assurance that additional debt or equity financing will be available to meet these requirements or available on terms acceptable to the Company. These matters represent a material uncertainty that casts significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and financial statement classifications that would be necessary were the going concern assumption inappropriate, and these adjustments could be material.

**3. Basis of preparation**

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**(a) Statement of compliance**

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations (collectively “IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Board of Directors on June 23, 2022.

**(b) Functional and presentation currency**

The functional and presentation currency of Voyager Metals Inc. is the Canadian dollar.

In the preparation of these financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. This uncertainty impacts judgements made by the Company.

**(c) Reclassifications**

Certain prior period figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period’s presentation.



**VOYAGER METALS INC.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
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**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

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**4. Summary of significant accounting policies**

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The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

**(a) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents with initial maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash.

**(b) Exploration and evaluation assets**

The Company capitalizes all costs related to investments in mineral property in which it holds a legal interest on a property-by-property basis. Such costs include mineral property acquisition costs and exploration and development expenditures, net of any recoveries, and are monitored for indications of impairment. Where there are indications of a potential impairment, an assessment is performed for recoverability. Capitalized costs are charged to the statement of comprehensive loss to the extent that they are not expected to be recovered. Exploration expenditure relates to the initial search for deposits with economic potential and to detailed assessments of deposits or other projects that have been identified as having economic potential.

Once an economically viable reserve has been determined for an area and the decision to proceed with development has been approved, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to construction in progress within property, plant and equipment. Subsequent recovery of the resulting carrying value depends on successful development or sale of the undeveloped project. If a project does not prove viable, all irrecoverable costs associated with the project net of any impairment provisions are written off.

From time to time the Company may acquire or dispose of a mineral property pursuant to the terms of an option agreement. As the options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments are recorded as property costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received.

The Company has determined that all of its mineral property interests are currently exploration stage properties.

**(c) Restoration, Rehabilitation and Environmental Obligations**

A legal or constructive obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs may arise when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration, development or ongoing production of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflects the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. These costs are charged against profit or loss over the economic life of the related asset, through amortization using either a unit-of-production or the straight-line method as appropriate. The related liability is adjusted for each period for the unwinding of the discount rate and for changes to the current market-based discount rate, amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation. Costs for restoration of subsequent site damage that is created on an ongoing basis during production are provided for at their net present values and charged against profits as extraction progresses. The Company has no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs as at February 28, 2022 and February 29, 2021.

**(d) Property, plant and equipment**

***Right-of-use assets***

Contracts that convey the right to the Company to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration is accounted for as a lease, resulting in the recognition of a right-of-use ('ROU') asset at the commencement of the lease. The ROU asset is measured at cost and includes the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement dates, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- an estimate of costs to restore the underlying asset, and any site upon which it is located, to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

ROU assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term. The accretion

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**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
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applied in establishing the net present value of provisions is charged to profit or loss in each accounting period and recorded as a financing cost.

**(e) Impairment of financial assets**

Financial assets are assessed at each reporting date in order to determine whether objective evidence exists that the assets are impaired as a result of one or more events which have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset.

If there is objective evidence that a financial asset has become impaired, the amount of the impairment loss is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows from the asset discounted at its original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recorded in earnings. If the amount of the impairment loss decreases in a subsequent period and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the impairment loss is reversed up to the original carrying value of the asset. Any reversal is recognized in earnings.

**(f) Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding inventories, investment properties and deferred taxes)**

Impairment tests on goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful economic lives are undertaken annually at the financial year end. Other non-financial assets are subject to impairment tests whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell), the asset is written down accordingly.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the smallest group of assets to which it belongs for which there are separately identifiable cash flows; its cash generating units (“CGUs”).

Impairment charges are included in profit or loss, except to the extent they reverse gains previously recognized in other comprehensive income.

**(g) Provisions**

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract.

The Company had no material provisions as at February 28, 2022 and February 28, 2021.

**(h) Foreign currency translation**

The Canadian dollar is the functional and reporting currency of the Company. All monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rate of exchange at the statement of financial position date and non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical exchange rates, unless such items are carried at market, in which case they are translated at the exchange rates in effect on the statement of financial position date. Income and expenses are translated at the rates approximating those at the transaction dates. Gains and losses arising from translation of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in the statement of loss.

**(i) Financial Instruments**

**(i) Financial assets**

Financial assets are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”), fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”) or amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition.

**VOYAGER METALS INC.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
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Financial assets at Fair-value through profit or loss

Financial instruments classified as fair value through profit and loss are reported at fair value at each reporting date, and any change in fair value is recognized in the statement of operations in the period during which the change occurs. Realized and unrealized gains or losses from assets held at FVTPL are included in losses in the period in which they arise.

Financial assets at Fair-value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets carried at FVTOCI are initially recorded at fair value plus transaction costs with all subsequent changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) at initial recognition to classify them as FVTOCI. On the disposal of the investment, the cumulative change in fair value remains in other comprehensive income (loss) and is not recycled to profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets are classified at amortized cost if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial asset for the collection of contractual cash flows, and the asset's contractual cash flows are comprised solely of payments of principal and interest. The Company's accounts receivable are recorded at amortized cost as they meet the required criteria. A provision is recorded based on the expected credit losses for the financial asset and reflects changes in the expected credit losses at each reporting period.

**(ii) Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as derivatives) or the Company has elected to measure at FVTPL. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables which are classified at amortized cost.

**(iii) Impairment**

IFRS 9 requires an 'expected credit loss' model to be applied which requires a loss allowance to be recognized based on expected credit losses. This applies to financial assets measured at amortized cost. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in initial recognition.

**(iv) Fair value hierarchy**

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 - valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 - valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3 - valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company's investment held for sale is classified as Level 1 and cash classified as Level 2. Both investment and cash are recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position. Other than that, none of the Company's financial instruments is recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position. The fair values of financial instruments approximate their carrying values due to their short term to maturity.

**VOYAGER METALS INC.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
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**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

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**(j) Income taxes and deferred taxes**

The income tax expense or benefit for the period consists of two components, current and deferred. Income tax expense or benefit is recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Loss except to the extent it relates to a business combination or items recognized directly in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable profit or loss for the year. Current tax is calculated using tax rates and laws that were enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in each of the jurisdictions and includes any adjustments for taxes payable or recovery in respect of prior periods.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. To the extent that the Company does not consider it to be probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized, it provides a valuation allowance against the excess.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

**(k) Earnings Per Share**

Earnings per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. The treasury stock method of calculating diluted earnings per share is used, which assumes that all outstanding stock options granted with an exercise price below the average market value are exercised during the period. The difference between the number of shares assumed and the number of shares assumed purchased is then included in the denominator of the diluted earnings per share computation.

**(l) Equity Instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

**(m) Warrants**

The Company measures the fair value of warrants issued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value of each warrant is estimated based on their respective issuance dates taking into account volatility, expected life, the dividend rate, and the risk-free interest rate. The fair value of warrants issued to agents in conjunction with an offering is charged to share issue costs with an offsetting amount recorded to Contributed Surplus.

The fair value of warrants exercised is recorded as share capital, and the fair value of any expired warrants is transferred to Contributed Surplus.

**(n) Flow-through Shares**

The Company may, from time to time, issue flow-through common shares to finance its resource exploration activities in Canada. Canadian income tax law permits the Company to renounce to the flow-through shareholders the income tax attributes of resource exploration costs financed by such shares. Flow-through common shares are recognized in equity based on the quoted price of the existing shares on the date of the issue. The difference between the amounts recognized in common shares and the amount the investor pays for the shares is recognized as a liability which is reversed into earnings as eligible expenditures are incurred.

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The deferred tax impact is recorded prospectively upon renunciation of the related tax benefits, provided it is expected the Company will incur the required eligible expenditures.

When flow-through expenditures are renounced, a portion of the deferred income tax assets that were not previously recognized, are recognized as a recovery of deferred income taxes in net income.

**(o) Share-based Payments**

Stock options issued by the Company are accounted for in accordance with the fair value-based method. The fair value of options issued to directors, officers, employees and consultants to the Company is charged to earnings over the vesting period of each tranche (graded vesting) with the offsetting amount recorded to Contributed Surplus.

Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each reporting date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognized over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Non-vesting conditions and market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The historical forfeiture rate is also factored into the calculations. When options are exercised, the amount received, together with the amount previously recorded in contributed surplus are added to capital stock.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the remaining vesting period.

When options are exercised, the amount received, together with the amount previously recorded in Contributed Surplus, are added to Capital Stock.

**(p) Leases**

Finance leases, under which substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item are transferred to the Company, are capitalized as right of use assets at the inception of the lease at the lower of fair value or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and the reduction of the liability so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are reflected in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss as finance costs. Payments associated with short-term leases and low-value assets are expensed as they are incurred in profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

Non-right of use lease payments are recognized as an expense in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

**(q) Segment reporting**

In accordance with IFRS 8, Operating Segments, it is mandatory for the Company to present and disclose segmental information based on the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors in order to assess each segment's performance. The Company primarily operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Canada. As the operations comprise a single reporting segment, amounts disclosed in the financial statements also represent segment amounts.

**(r) Use of Estimates and Judgments**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates. Areas where estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

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**5. Summary of accounting estimates and judgements**

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The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and judgments are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including on historical experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The

estimates and judgments that, in management's opinion, have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are discussed below.

**(a) Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The estimated fair value of financial assets and liabilities, by their very nature, are subject to measurement uncertainty.

**(b) Impairment of non-financial assets**

Exploration and evaluation properties are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration property may exceed its recoverable amount. When facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, the Company measures, presents and discloses any resulting impairment loss in accordance with IFRS.

Impairment is assessed by management using key impairment indicators of IFRS 6 - *Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources*, such assessment is subject to uncertainty.

**(c) Share-based payment transactions**

The Company measures the cost of share-based payment transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant.

This estimate also requires determining and making assumptions about the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life, volatility and dividend yield of the share option. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 15.

**(d) Taxes**

Provisions for taxes are made using the best estimate of the amount expected to be paid based on a qualitative assessment of all relevant factors. The Company reviews the adequacy of these provisions at the end of the reporting period. However, it is possible that at some future date an additional liability could result from audits by taxing authorities. Where the final outcome of these tax-related matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will affect the tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

**(e) Restoration, rehabilitation and environmental obligations**

Management's assumption of no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental obligations is based on facts and circumstances that existed during the period. These facts and circumstances may be open to interpretation.

**(f) Carrying value of Exploration and Evaluation Properties**

The carrying amount and recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after costs are capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off to profit or loss in the period the new information becomes available.

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**6. Accounting pronouncements**

**Standards and amendments issued but not yet effective or adopted**

*IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment ("IAS 16")*

The IASB issued an amendment to IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment to prohibit the deducting from property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while preparing an asset for its intended use. Instead, sales proceeds and its related costs must be recognized in profit or loss. The amendment will require companies to distinguish between costs associated with producing and selling items before the item of property, plant and equipment is available for use and costs

associated with making the item of property, plant and equipment available for its intended use. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, with earlier application permitted. The extent of the impact of adoption of this standard has not yet been determined.

*IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements ("IAS 1")*

IAS 1 was amended in January 2020 to provide a more general approach to the classification of liabilities under IAS 1 based on the contractual arrangements in place at the reporting date. The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or noncurrent is based solely on a company's right to defer settlement at the reporting date. The right needs to be unconditional and must have substance. The amendments also clarify that the transfer of a company's own equity instruments is regarded as settlement of a liability, unless it results from the exercise of a conversion option meeting the definition of an equity instrument. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on March 1, 2023.

*IAS 37 – Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets ("IAS 37")*

IAS 37 was amended. The amendments clarify that when assessing if a contract is onerous, the cost of fulfilling the contract includes all costs that relate directly to the contract – i.e. a full-cost approach. Such costs include both the incremental costs of the contract (i.e. costs a company would avoid if it did not have the contract) and an allocation of other direct costs incurred on activities required to fulfill the contract –e.g. contract management and supervision, or depreciation of equipment used in fulfilling the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on March 1, 2022.

**7. Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents were as follows:

	<b>February 28, 2022</b>	<b>February 28, 2021</b>
Cash Canadian Banks	\$ 991,787	\$ 281,880
Restricted Cash Canadian banks - Flow-Through	-	474,361
	<b>\$ 991,787</b>	<b>\$ 756,241</b>

**8. Receivables and other**

	<b>February 28, 2022</b>	<b>February 28, 2021</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Sales tax receivables	\$ 189,713	\$ 61,860
Prepays and deposits	106,403	91,302
	<b>\$ 296,116</b>	<b>\$ 153,162</b>

Sales tax receivables relate to refundable Harmonized Sales Tax ("HST") in Canada.

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**9. Investment in marketable securities**

The following table summarizes the changes in investment in marketable securities:

	Investment in marketable securities	
<b>Balance - February 28, 2021</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>-</b>
Additions		217,560
Unrealized fair value (loss)		(27,337)
<b>Balance - February 28, 2022</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>190,223</b>

The Company acquired various investments of shares in publicly traded entities valued at \$217,560. The change in fair value for the acquired securities recognized during the year ended February 28, 2022 was calculated for the period from the acquisition date to February 28, 2022 and is included in finance expense (note 16). The fair value was determined using the market value on February 28, 2022. The fair value adjustment resulted in an unrealized loss of \$27,338 for the year ended February 28, 2022 (February 28, 2021 – Nil).

**10. Property, Plant and Equipment**

The following is a summary of the carrying value of property, plant and equipment ("PP&E"):

	Property, Plant and Equipment		Right-of-use Assets		Total
<b>Cost</b>					
Opening balance, February 28, 2021	\$	19,320	\$	-	\$ 19,320
Additions		-		586,708	\$ 586,708
<b>As at February 28, 2022</b>		<b>19,320</b>		<b>586,708</b>	<b>606,028</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation and amortization</b>					
Opening balance, February 28, 2021		17,710		-	\$ 17,710
Charge for the period		1,610		24,853	\$ 26,463
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>19,320</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>24,853</b>	<b>\$ 44,173</b>
<b>Net book value</b>					
Balance, February 28, 2021		1,610		-	\$ 1,610
<b>Balance, February 28, 2022</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>561,855</b>	<b>\$ 561,855</b>

Right-of-use assets relate to leased office space premises (see notes 13 and 17).



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**11. Exploration and evaluation assets**

The following is a summary of the Company's investment in exploration properties:

	<b>Mont Sorcier Quebec</b>
<b>Balance - February 29, 2020</b>	<b>\$ 3,123,504</b>
<b>Exploration and evaluation expenditures</b>	
Exploration costs	736,070
<b>Balance - February 28, 2021</b>	<b>\$ 3,859,574</b>
<b>Acquisition costs</b>	
Cash paid for additional claims	250,000
Shares issued for additional claims	105,000
<b>Exploration and evaluation expenditures</b>	
Exploration costs	4,230,757
<b>Balance - February 28, 2022</b>	<b>\$ 8,445,331</b>

**Mont Sorcier, Iron Ore and Vanadium Project, Quebec:**

In October 2016, the Company agreed to acquire a 100% interest in the Mont Sorcier Iron Ore and Vanadium property ("Mont Sorcier") located near Chibougamau in Quebec, Canada. The Company paid \$150,000 in cash and issued 2,750,000 common shares at \$0.175. In order to earn its interest, the Company undertook a minimum of \$1 million in exploration expenditures on the property within in the first 24 months following signature of the agreement. The Vendor, Chibougamau Independent Mines, will retain a 2% Gross Metal Royalty ("GMR") on all mineral production from the property. In order to facilitate the deal, Globex Mining Enterprises Inc. (GMX-TSX), which held a 3% GMR on a number of claims, has reduced its royalty to 1% GMR but it has been extended to the recently enlarged claim group. In addition, a finder's fee of 300,000 post-consolidation common shares of the Company at \$0.175 was issued in relation to the acquisition. During fiscal year ended February 28, 2019, the Company spent the required funds and earned a 100% interest in the claims subject to the 1%, plus 2%, GMR.

On December 8, 2021, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire 24 additional claims ("Claims") in the Chibougamau area that are located adjacent to its claims containing the Mont Sorcier iron and vanadium project. The terms of the agreement provide for an immediate payment of \$250,000 in cash, plus 500,000 common shares of the Company paid to the vendor at closing valued at \$105,000, at which time the Claims were transferred to the Company. In order to complete the option, the Company is required to pay the following additional consideration in cash - from years 5 to 10 an additional \$200,000 per year for a total of \$1,000,000. Upon completion of the option agreement, the vendor would be granted a 3% net smelter royalty applicable only to the Claims subject to the agreement, subject to the option of the Company to buy back 1% of the NSR for \$1,000,000. In the event that no project has commenced development at Mont Sorcier or the Company fails to make one or more of the required payments, the Claims would revert back to the vendor.

**12. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities**

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities were comprised of the following balances:

	<b>February 28, 2022</b>	<b>February 28, 2021</b>
Accounts payable	\$ 744,937	\$ 175,749
Accrued liabilities	419,968	227,910
	<b>\$ 1,164,905</b>	<b>\$ 403,659</b>

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities includes an amount of \$97,312, as at February 28, 2022 (February 28, 2021 - \$190,094) due to related parties (see note 17).

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**13. Lease Obligations**

	<b>February 28, 2022</b>	<b>February 28, 2021</b>
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 658,910	\$ -
Effect of discounting	(132,088)	-
Present value of minimum lease payments	526,822	-
Balance owing at year end	526,822	-
Less: current portion	(112,217)	-
Non-current portion of lease obligations	414,605	-
<b>Minimum payments under leases</b>		
Due no later than 1 year	\$ 119,232	-
Due later than 1 year less than 5 years	539,678	-
	\$ 658,910	\$ -

The Company's lease obligations are related primarily to a lease of office premises, with payments made on a monthly basis. The Company sub-leases the office space from a company with directors and officers in common (see note 17).

**14. Debentures**

On May 31, 2021, the Company closed a \$3.9 million non-brokered private placement of non-convertible debentures to accelerate the development of its Mont Sorcier project. Pursuant to the private placement, the Company issued 3,900 debenture units (each, a "Unit") at a price of \$1,000 per Unit for an aggregate principal of \$3,900,000. Each Unit consists of \$1,000 principal amount of 10% secured debentures ("Debentures") and 2,380 non-transferable common share purchase warrants ("Debenture Warrants"), for an aggregate total of 9,282,000 Debenture Warrants. Each Debenture Warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company ("Common Share") at an exercise price of \$0.42 per Common Share for a period of 36 months. The Debentures bear interest at a rate of 10.0% per annum and will mature 18 months from the date of issuance. The Debentures also include an early repayment option (the "Prepayment Option") which provides for the early repayment of all or part of the outstanding principal and accrued interest, for a total price of \$1,050 per unit. This repayment option represents an embedded derivative which was identified not to be separate from the debenture as it is closely related to the host debt contract.

The Company has also paid an arm's-length finder a cash fee of \$273,000 and issued to the finder 925,424 non-transferable common share purchase warrants (each a "Finder Warrant"). Each Finder Warrant will entitle the holder to acquire one Common Share at a price of \$0.295 per Common Share for a period of 36 months. The Finder Warrants were valued at \$185,085 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model (see note 15).

At inception, the debt portion of the debentures was recorded at the estimated fair value of \$2,557,361 plus transaction costs directly attributable to its issuance, using an effective interest rate of 20% per annum at the time of issuance with the residual value of \$884,554 recorded as reserves for the warrants issued. The transaction costs noted above were proportionately allocated between the financial liability and equity component of the debenture.

The changes in obligation related to the debentures are summarized below:

		<b>Debentures</b>
<b>Balance - May 31, 2021</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>2,557,361</b>
Accretion expense		634,061
<b>Balance - February 28, 2022</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>3,191,422</b>

The Company recorded interest expense of \$292,767 for the year ended February 28, 2022. Accretion costs of \$634,061 were recognized in finance expense for the year ended February 28, 2022.

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Contractual undiscounted debt repayments related to the debentures are summarized below:

	Payments due by period			Total
	< 1 years	1-5 years	5> years	
Repayment of debentures	3,900,000	-	-	3,900,000
Interest on debentures	390,000	-	-	390,000
<b>Debenture repayments</b>	<b>4,290,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,290,000</b>

**15. Shareholders' Equity**

**(i) Share capital**

*Authorized and issued:* The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares. The issued and outstanding common shares are as follows:

	Note	February 28, 2022	February 28, 2021
Shares issued and fully paid:			
Beginning of the year		78,056,186	65,126,757
Private placements	(a)(b)	4,705,880	10,590,000
Warrants exercised	(c)	4,389,071	2,039,429
Stock options exercised	(c)	3,225,000	300,000
Shares issued for claims acquisition	11	500,000	-
<b>Shares issued and fully paid end of the period</b>		<b>90,876,137</b>	<b>78,056,186</b>
For each class of share capital:			
The number of shares authorized			Unlimited
The number of shares issued and fully paid			90,876,137
The number of shares issued but not fully paid			Nil
Par value per share, or that the shares have no par value			no par value

- (a) On August 14, 2020, the Company completed the first tranche of the hard dollar unit segment of its non-brokered private placement financing. Pursuant to the financing, the Company issued a total of 4,590,000 common share units at a price of \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$459,000. Each Unit is comprised of one common share plus one warrant. Each full warrant entitles its holder to purchase one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.15 for a period of 24 months following the closing date of the private placement. A cash fee of \$5,910 was incurred as unit issuance costs.

In addition, the Company issued 6,000,000 Flow-Through Common Share Units ("FT Units") at a price of \$0.18 per FT Unit for gross proceeds of \$1,080,000. Each FT Unit is comprised of one common share plus one warrant. Each full warrant entitles its holder to purchase one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.15 for a period of 24 months from the closing date of the private placement. A cash fee of \$13,789 was incurred as unit issuance costs.

The Company recognized a premium on the issuance of Flow-Through shares in the year 2020 in the amount of \$480,000 and set up a corresponding liability for this amount. As at February 28, 2022 the balance of this liability was \$Nil as all funds have been spent.

- (b) On May 27, 2021, the Company completed the private placement of an aggregate 4,705,880 Flow-Through Common Share Units ("FT Units") at a price of \$0.425 per FT Unit for gross proceeds of \$2,000,000. Each FT Unit is comprised of one common share plus one-half warrant. Each full warrant entitles its holder to purchase one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.425 for a period of 24 months from the closing date of the private placement. A cash commission of \$120,000 was incurred as unit issuance costs, and 282,352 finder warrants. Each finder warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.425 for a period of 24 months from the closing date of the private placement.

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The Company recognized a premium on the issuance of Flow-Through shares in the year 2021 in the amount of \$470,588 and set up a corresponding liability for this amount. As funds have been expended in the year this liability has been reversed and offset against deferred income tax. As at February 28, 2022 the balance of this liability was \$Nil.

- (c) During the year ended February 28, 2022, a total of 3,225,000 stock options with an average exercise price of \$0.12 were exercised into 3,225,000 common shares for gross proceeds of \$365,375. Also, a total of 4,389,071 warrants with an average exercise price of \$0.11 were exercised into 4,389,071 common shares for gross proceeds of \$496,295.

**(ii) Stock options**

The Company's Stock Option Plan ("the **Plan**") provides for the issuance of a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares at an exercise price equal to or greater than the market price of the Company's common shares on the date of the grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants to the Company. The option period for options granted under the Plan is for a maximum period of 5 years. Options granted may vest over certain time periods within the option period, which will limit the number of options that may be exercised. All options are being issued under the terms of the Company's Stock Option Plan which was approved by shareholders at the Company's Annual General and Special Meeting on June 4, 2021. Each stock option is exercisable into one common share of the Company at the price specified in the terms of the option.

On July 28, 2021, the Company granted 1,900,000 stock options to management, directors, advisors, employees and consultants. Each stock option fully vested on issuance and is exercisable at a price of \$0.22 per common share for a period of two years. The fair value of the stock options was determined to be \$247,000 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: risk-free rate of 0.38%, expected life of 2 years, volatility factor of 115% and dividend yield of Nil.

On October 6, 2021, the Company granted 250,000 stock options to an employee of the Company. Each stock option granted fully vested on issuance and is exercisable immediately at a price of \$0.12 per common share for a period of two years. The fair value of the stock options was determined to be \$17,500 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: risk-free rate of 0.52%, expected life of 2 years, volatility factor of 113% and dividend yield of Nil.

On November 22, 2021, the Company granted 675,000 stock options to employees of the Company. Each stock option granted fully granted on issuance and is exercisable immediately at a price of \$0.135 per common share for a period of two years. The fair value of the stock options was determined to be \$54,000 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: risk-free rate of 1.05%, expected life of 2 years, volatility factor of 112% and dividend yield of Nil.

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

Note	February 28, 2022		February 28, 2021	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance at beginning of year	6,800,000	\$0.14	6,100,000	\$0.13
Granted during the period (a)(b)(c)	2,825,000	\$0.19	2,000,000	\$0.17
Exercised during the period	(3,225,000)	\$0.12	(300,000)	\$0.10
Expired during the period	(1,000,000)	\$0.13	(550,000)	\$0.14
Cancelled	-	-	(450,000)	\$0.15
<b>Balance at end of year</b>	<b>5,400,000</b>	<b>\$0.18</b>	<b>6,800,000</b>	<b>\$0.12</b>

- (a) On July 28, 2021, the Company granted 1,900,000 stock options to certain eligible participants under the Option Plan. The options are exercisable into common shares of the Company at an exercise price of CAD\$0.220 for a period of two years from the grant date. The options vested immediately. The grant date fair value was determined by using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: share price of CAD\$0.22, expected dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 115%, risk-free rate of return of 0.38% and an expected life of 2 years.
- (b) On October 6, 2021, the Company granted 250,000 stock options to certain eligible participants under the Option Plan. The options are exercisable into common shares of the Company at an exercise price of CAD\$0.120 for a period of two years from the grant date. The options vested immediately. The grant date fair value was determined by using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: share price of CAD\$0.12, expected dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 113%, risk-free rate of return of 0.52% and an expected life of 2 years.
- (c) On November 22, 2021, the Company granted 675,000 stock options to certain eligible participants under the Option Plan. The options are exercisable into common shares of the Company at an exercise price of CAD\$0.135 for a period

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of two years from the grant date. The options vested immediately. The grant date fair value was determined by using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: share price of CAD\$0.135, expected dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 112%, risk-free rate of return of 1.05% and an expected life of 2 years.

As at February 28, 2022 stock options issued and outstanding are as follows:

Exercise Price (\$)	Number outstanding and exercisable	Weighted average	
		remaining contractual life (years)	Expiry
\$0.15	750,000	0.07	March 27, 2022
\$0.15	250,000	0.07	March 27, 2022
\$0.10	400,000	0.32	June 23, 2022
\$0.19	200,000	0.88	January 15, 2023
\$0.19	1,400,000	0.93	February 2, 2023
\$0.22	1,900,000	1.41	July 28, 2023
\$0.12	250,000	1.60	October 5, 2023
\$0.14	250,000	1.73	November 22, 2023
<b>\$0.18</b>	<b>5,400,000</b>	<b>0.96</b>	

**(iii) Warrants**

Warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

Note	February 28, 2022		February 28, 2021	
	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Balance at beginning of the year	16,249,071	\$0.14	17,413,284	\$0.12
Warrants issued (a)(b)	12,842,716	\$0.41	10,590,000	\$0.15
Warrants exercised	(4,389,071)	\$0.11	(2,039,429)	\$0.10
Warrants expired	(1,310,000)	0.11	(9,714,784)	\$0.14
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	<b>23,392,716</b>	<b>\$0.30</b>	<b>16,249,071</b>	<b>\$0.14</b>

- (a) On May 27, 2021, the Company granted 2,352,940 warrants as part of the private placement of flow-through units. Each warrant granted is exercisable at a price of \$0.425 per common share for a period of 24 months. The fair value of the warrants was determined to be \$255,623 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: risk-free rate of 0.31%, expected life of 2 years, volatility factor of 113% and dividend yield of Nil.

In connection with the private placement of flow-through units, the Company also issued 282,352 finder warrants. Each finder warrant granted is exercisable at a price of \$0.425 per common share for a period of 24 months. The fair value of the finder warrants was determined to be \$35,012 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: risk-free rate of 0.31%, expected life of 2 years, volatility factor of 113% and dividend yield of Nil.

- (b) On May 31, 2021, the Company granted 9,282,000 debenture warrants (see Note 14). Each debenture warrant granted is exercisable at a price of \$0.42 per common share for a period of 36 months. The fair value of the debenture warrants was determined to be \$2,557,361 using the residual method. In addition, pursuant to the debenture offering, the Company issued 925,424 debenture finders warrants exercisable at a price of \$0.30 per common share for a period of 36 months. The fair value of the debenture finders warrants was determined to be \$185,085 using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: risk-free rate of 0.31%, expected life of 3 years, volatility factor of 122% and dividend yield of Nil.

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As at February 28, 2022, the outstanding share purchase warrants are as follows:

Exercise price	Number outstanding and exercisable	Weighted average	
		remaining contractual life (years)	Expiry
\$0.15	4,550,000	0.46	August 14, 2022
\$0.15	6,000,000	0.46	August 14, 2022
\$0.43	2,352,940	1.24	May 27, 2023
\$0.43	282,352	1.24	May 27, 2023
\$0.42	9,282,000	2.25	May 31, 2024
\$0.30	925,424	2.25	May 31, 2024
<b>\$0.29</b>	<b>23,392,716</b>	<b>1.33</b>	

**16. Finance Expense**

	Note	February 28, 2022	February 28, 2021
Accretion of debentures	14	\$ 634,061	\$ -
Interest on debentures	14	292,767	-
<b>Finance Expense</b>		<b>\$ 926,828</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

**17. Related Party Transactions**

The Company's related parties include its key management and their close family members, and others as described below. Unless otherwise stated, none of the transactions incorporate special terms and conditions and no guarantees were given or received. Outstanding balances are usually settled in cash. In addition to share issuances, transactions with related parties were as follows:

Transactions during the period ended,	February 28, 2022	February 28, 2021
Management fees to a company controlled by an officer	\$ 252,125	\$ 147,752
Management fees to officers	267,667	155,000
Management fees to companies controlled by a director	-	5,650
Expenses reimbursable to a company controlled by an officer	34,637	3,503
Expenses reimbursable to an officer	2,788	15,139
Share based payments to officers and directors	206,750	135,000
Geological fees and expenses to a director or officer, charged to mineral properties	116,165	89,641
Shared services reimbursable to a related company	151,604	-
	<b>\$ 1,031,736</b>	<b>\$ 551,685</b>

Amounts due from and to the related parties, are a result of transactions with entities controlled by shareholders, officers or directors of the Company. These amounts are non-interest bearing, unsecured and not subject to specific terms of repayment unless stated.

Amounts payable to related parties included in the accounts payable and accrued liabilities were as follows:

Outstanding balances owing to related parties as at,	February 28, 2022	February 28, 2021
Management fees payable to officers	\$ 2,500	\$ 183,000
Expenses reimbursable to an officer	63	-
Expenses reimbursable to a company controlled by a Director	3,152	-
Amounts payable to a director or officer for geological fees and expenses	8,468	7,094
Amounts payable to a related company for shared services	83,129	-
	<b>\$ 97,312</b>	<b>\$ 190,094</b>

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In accordance with IAS 24, key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company. These amounts include amounts paid or accrued to the Chairman, CEO, COO and CFO of the Company.

<b>Paid to Key Management Personnel</b>	<b>February 28, 2022</b>	<b>February 28, 2021</b>
Management fees	\$ 549,867	\$ 294,232
Share-based payments	206,750	135,000

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in profit or loss, the Company shares administrative services and office space with Cerrado Gold Inc. ("Cerrado"), a company related by virtue of common directors and officers, and from time to time will incur third party costs on behalf of related parties. Related party transactions are recognized at the amounts agreed between the parties. Outstanding balances are due on demand, unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.

**18. Income taxes**

The Company's effective income tax rate differs from the amount that would be computed by applying the combined Federal and Provincial statutory tax rate of 26.5% (2021 – 26.5%) to the net loss for the year for reasons noted below:

	<b>February 28, 2022</b>	<b>February 28, 2021</b>
Net loss before tax	\$ (3,061,299)	\$ (713,489)
Income tax recovery based on statutory rate	(811,000)	(189,000)
Non-cash compensation	84,000	48,000
Non-deductible items	182,500	1,800
Share issue costs	(22,083)	(17,000)
	<b>(566,583)</b>	<b>(156,200)</b>
Valuation allowance	(115,005)	(161,253)
Provision per financial statements	\$ <b>(681,588)</b>	\$ <b>(317,453)</b>

The Company has incurred tax losses of approximately \$7,992,000 (2021 - \$5,855,000) which may be used to reduce future taxable income. The potential benefit of these losses has not been recognized in these financial statements and will expire, if unused, in the fiscal years ended February 28 as follows:

	<b>Amount</b>
2029	31,000
2030	52,000
2031	253,000
2032	787,000
2033	665,000
2034	258,000
2035	198,000
2036	176,000
2037	435,000
2038	935,000
2039	740,000
2040	735,000
2041	590,000
2042	2,137,000
	<b>7,992,000</b>

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The components of deferred income tax asset (liability) are as noted as follows:

	<b>February 28, 2022</b>	<b>February 28, 2021</b>
Non-capital losses and share issue costs	2,118,000	1,575,000
Mineral properties and other	(648,000)	(75,000)
	1,470,000	1,500,000
Valuation allowance	(1,470,000)	(1,500,000)
	-	-

In addition to the above tax losses the Company has incurred Canadian Development Expenditures, Canadian Exploration Expenditures and Foreign Exploration and Development Expenditures in the amount of \$6,470,000 (2021 - \$3,892,000) which may be used to reduce future taxable income. The potential benefit of these expenditures has not been recognized in these financial statements and can be carried-forward without expiry.

**19. Capital Management and Liquidity**

The Company considers its capital structure to consist of its equity, comprised of common shares, reserves (stock options and warrants), and accumulated deficit. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in order to have the funds available to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash.

The Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by a lending institution or regulatory body, other than of the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") which requires adequate working capital or financial resources of the greater of (i) \$50,000 and (ii) an amount required in order to maintain operations and cover general and administrative expenses for a period of six months. As of February 28, 2022, the Company is not in compliance with this requirement. Any potential response from the TSX-V to this deficiency is unknown at the present time. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the years ended February 28, 2022 and February 29, 2021. The Company's capital for the reporting periods is summarized as follows:

	<b>February 28, 2022</b>	<b>February 28, 2021</b>
Share capital	\$ 13,167,127	\$ 10,873,975
Reserves	4,275,038	2,838,408
Deficit	(11,936,166)	(9,556,455)
	<b>\$ 5,505,999</b>	<b>\$ 4,155,928</b>



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**20. Financial Instruments**

Financial Instruments details can be summarized as follows:

	February 28, 2022		February 28, 2021	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
<b>Financial Assets</b>				
Amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents (i)	\$ 991,787	\$ 991,787	\$ 756,241	\$ 756,241
Receivables and other (i)(ii)	296,116	296,116	153,162	153,162
Fair value through profit or loss				
Investment in marketable securities (iii)	190,223	190,223	-	-
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>1,478,126</b>	<b>1,478,126</b>	<b>909,403</b>	<b>909,403</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (i)(ii)	\$ 1,063,728	\$ 1,063,728	\$ 403,659	\$ 403,659
Other liabilities (i)(ii)	96,164	96,164	-	-
Debentures (iv)	3,191,422	3,191,422	-	-
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<b>4,351,314</b>	<b>4,351,314</b>	<b>403,659</b>	<b>403,659</b>
<b>Net financial assets (liabilities)</b>	<b>\$ (2,873,188)</b>	<b>\$ (2,873,188)</b>	<b>\$ 505,744</b>	<b>\$ 505,744</b>

- (i) Cash, and trade and other payables are recorded at carrying value, which approximates fair value due to their short-term nature and generally negligible credit losses.
- (ii) Excludes tax and other statutory amounts.
- (iii) Investments are carried at their fair value, which is determined using quoted market bid prices in active markets for listed entities.
- (iv) Debentures are measured at amortized cost. The fair value of debentures is primarily measured using determined variables, and therefore was classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. See note 14.

**Fair value hierarchy**

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are recorded and measured as follows:

- (a) The fair values for cash, trade and other receivables, due from related parties, investment in marketable securities, trade and other payables, approximate carrying values due to the immediate or short-term maturities of these financial instruments and are classified as Level 1 in accordance with their fair value hierarchy.
- (b) Debentures are classified as Level 2 in accordance with their fair value hierarchy.

The Company's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. During the year ended February 28, 2022 and 2021 the Company did not make any transfers.

**21. Financial Risk Management**

The Company thoroughly examines the various financial instrument risks to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of those risks. These risks may include credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk.

**(a) Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligations. The Company is not exposed to credit risk due to the nature of the collectible accounts. As at February 28, 2022 and February 28, 2021, the Company does not have any allowance for doubtful accounts. Management actively monitors the Company's exposure to credit risk under its financial instruments, including with respect to amounts receivable. The Company considers the risk of loss for its amounts receivable to be remote and significantly mitigated due to the financial strength of the party from whom the receivables are due - the Canadian government for harmonized sales tax ("HST") refunds receivable and the Quebec government for Quebec sales tax (QST) refunds receivable.

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**(b) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations associated with financial liabilities in full. The Company's primary sources of liquidity are debt and equity financing, which are used to finance working capital and capital expenditure requirements, and to meet the Company's financial obligations associated with financial liabilities. Additional sources of liquidity are used to fund additional operating and other expenses and retire debt obligations at their maturity. In addition to maintaining a working capital surplus, the Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient cash to meet liabilities when due. The Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of one to two years and are subject to normal trade and contractual terms. The Company's ability to continue operations and fund its business is dependent on management's ability to secure additional financing. It is anticipated that the Company will continue to rely on equity financing to meet its ongoing working capital requirements. At year end the Company has a working capital deficiency of \$3,086,582 and as such liquidity risk should be considered high.

**(c) Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, commodity prices, and interest rates will affect the Company's net income or the value of financial instruments. These risks are generally outside the control of the Company. The objectives of the Company are to mitigate market risk exposure within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns. The Company has no significant exposure to market risk.

**(d) Interest rate sensitivity**

The Company has no significant exposure during the years ended February 28, 2022 and February 28, 2021 to interest rate risk through its financial instruments as the interest on the debenture is a fixed rate.

**22. Commitments and contingencies**

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From time to time, the Company may be exposed to claims and legal actions in the normal course of business, some of which may be initiated by the Company.

On January 9, 2019, the Company fulfilled its \$1,000,000 financial commitment for exploration expenditures to Chibougamau Independent Mines Inc. (CIM) in accordance with the "Option to Purchase Agreement" dated September 29, 2016 and amended on October 14, 2016. As a result, the Company acquired title to 100% of all 37 claims of the Mont Sorcier Iron Ore and Vanadium Project.

As at February 28, 2022 the Company's management is not aware of any other commitments and/or contingencies.

**23. Segment information**

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The Company operates in one business segment being iron ore exploration in Canada. As the Company is focused on exploration, the Board monitors the Company based on actual versus budgeted exploration expenditure incurred by project. The internal reporting framework is the most relevant to assist the Board with making decisions regarding this Company and its ongoing exploration activities, while also taking into consideration the results of exploration work that has been performed to date.